# Welcome to Learning Lab # 9 of Erikson Early Math iNNOVATIONS!



# **Greetings!**

Obstacle Course



# Rosie's Walk

# by Pat Hutchins



## A Big Idea about Spatial Relationships

Relationships between objects and places can be described with mathematical precision.



# A New Route for Rosie: A Math Investigation for Adults

- On a coordinate grid, map out a new route for Rosie to walk. The route must include three places for Rosie to visit.
- Move to sit with a partner from another table.
- With a barrier to hide the maps from each other, one partner describes her/his map while the other tries to draw it. The drawer may only ask two clarifying questions.
  - Switch so each person gets a turn in each role.
- Did you learn anything from the 1<sup>st</sup> round of the game that changed how you played the 2<sup>nd</sup>?
- How far does Rosie have to travel to complete the route on your map?
  - Can the map you made tell you?
  - What do you need to know to figure that out?



## A Big Idea about Spatial Relationships

Our own experiences
of space and
two-dimensional representations of space
reflect a specific point of view.



## Introducing the HIS-EM framework

High-Impact Strategies for Early Mathematics (HIS-EM)

QUALITY of Math Teaching

#### WHAT?

- Learning Objectives
- Mathematical Representations
- Concept Development

#### WHO?

- Attention to Developmental Trajectories
- Response to Students' Individual Needs
- Developmentally Appropriate Learning Formats

#### HOW?

- Planning
- Student Engagement
- Establishment of a Mathematical Learning Community



# The HIS-EM framework considers three *domains* when examining the quality of math teaching:

- WHAT? The degree to which teaching practice incorporates a deep knowledge of foundational mathematics concepts.
- WHO? The degree to which teaching practice demonstrates an understanding of young children's typical developmental growth in mathematics and an understanding of particular, individual students' learning needs.
- HOW? The degree to which teaching practice includes the effective use of mathematics teaching strategies.

Each of the three *domains* is further defined by three *dimensions* that make a significant impact of the quality of mathematics teaching and learning in the classroom.

(See the chart in your handouts for further explanation.)



# Introducing a new activity plan form that reflects the HIS-EM framework.



# Video Analysis: Planning Conversation An interview with the Coach

- What do the teacher & coach decide to focus on?
- Why did they make that choice?



## Video Analysis: "Walk with Rosie"

#### Teacher Practice (HIS-EM): Mathematical Representation

**High-Impact Strategies** 

- Teachers model students' thinking.
- Teachers scaffold as students explain or model their own thinking.

### **Student Practice (Common Core)**

#4: Model with mathematics.

#6: Attend to precision.



# Video Analysis: Evidence of Practice

- Are the mathematical representations accurate?
- Do they help students make sense of mathematical ideas?



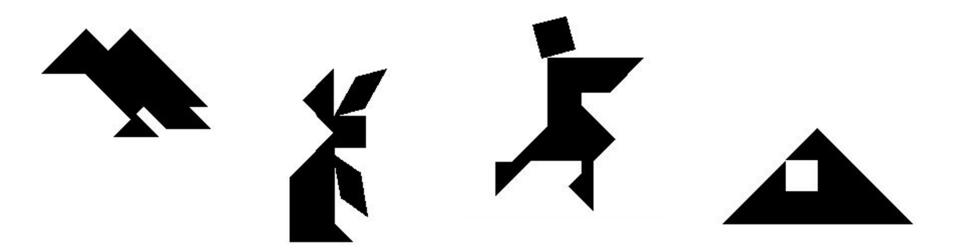
# Video Analysis: Mathematical Representation





# **Tangram Time**

- We start by making our own.
- Can you put it back into a square?
- Can you make your first initial?
- Can you complete one of these puzzles?





## A Big Idea about Spatial Relationships

Spatial relationships can be visualized & manipulated mentally.



# Big Ideas of Spatial Relationships

Topic	Big Ideas	Examples
Describing Space	<ul> <li>Relationships between objects and places can be described with mathematical precision.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maps and models represent the 3-dimensional world.</li> <li>Joshua is in front of Ana, and he is behind Tameika.</li> </ul>
Visualizing Space	<ul> <li>Our own experiences of space and two-dimensional representations of space reflect a specific point of view.</li> <li>Spatial relationships can be visualized and manipulated mentally.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A party hat looks triangular from the side, but when you lay it down, it can look like a circle.</li> <li>An expert jigsaw-puzzle solver can picture a missing piece and does not rely on trial and error.</li> </ul>



# Reflecting on today's learning ...



# Have a restful winter break a happy start to the New Year!

We'll see you again at Erikson on Friday, February 1, 2013.

